Robot Movement				
Action		How Much?	Python Code	Parameters
Drive Straight	+distance	Distance	r.robot.straight(distance)	distance: Distance to travel (mm), robot runs at default speed example - r.robot.straight(100) - Goes straight forward 100 mm
Drive Straight or Curved	+speed +speed +turn -speed -turn -speed -turn -speed -turn	Time	r.robot.drive(speed,turn_rate) wait(time) r.robot.stop()	speed: Speed of the robot (mm/s) turn_rate: Turn rate of the robot (deg/s) 0 = Straight time: How long to drive (mSec) Drives the robot at set speed either straight or while turning r.robot.drive(200, 20) - Drive robot slowly forward while turning gently to right
Curve	+radius -radius -radiu	Distance	r.robot.arc(radius, degrees)	radius: Radius of the circle (mm) distance: Distance to drive along the circle (mm) Drives center of wheels over specified radius circle for degrees of arc r.robot.arc(50, 180) - drives robot halfway around tight circle
Tank Turn	Fangle +angle	Angle	r.robot.turn(angle)	angle: Angle of the turn (deg) r.robot.turn(-90) - Make robot spin 90 degrees to the left
Attachment Motors				
Side		How Much?	Python Code	Parameters
Left		Time	r.lam.run_time(speed,time)	speed: Speed of the motor (deg/s) time: Duration of motor running (mSec) r.lam.run_time(1000, 500) - runs lam (left attachment motor) clockwise fast for 0.5 seconds
Left		Angle	r.lam.run_angle(speed,angle)	speed: Speed of the motor (deg/s) angle: Angle by which the motor should rotate (deg) r.ram.run_angle(500, 45) - runs ram (right attachment motor) clockwise at half speed for 45 degrees
Left		Target Angle	r.lam.run_target(speed,target_angle)	speed: Speed of the motor (deg/s) target_angle: Angle in degrees that the motor should rotate to, angle is zero when marks on motor hub and body are aligned. Motor angles can be reset by program, see "Motors with rotation sensors" r Jam run, target(200 -60) - runs Jam to 60 degrees counter-clockwise from reference mark on
Left		Stall	r.lam.run_until_stalled(speed,duty_limit=stall_power)	speed: Speed of the motor (deg/s) stall_power: What percent power to is considered a stall (0 - 100) r.ram.run_until_stalled(1000, duty_limit=100) - runs ram clockwise until it pushes hard on something
Right			For right attachment motor replace "lam" above with "ram"	
		Maximums	Medium motors = 1100, Large motors = 1050	Direction - Normally positive is clockwise rotation unless switched in robot.py near line 147
			Other Comn	nands
Action			Python Code	Parameters
Pause the Program			wait(time)	time: How long to pause the program (mSec) wait(500) - keeps program from going to next instruction (waiting) for 500 milliseconds = 0.5 seconds
Print to console			print("your_message")	your_message: Text to be displayed in the console window print("Hello World") - prints message Hello World on console display of computer Bluetoothed to bot
Color Sensor Reflectivity			value = r.rcs.reflection()	Value: is set to reflectivity color sensor sees, use "lcs" for left sensor Code on left followed by print(value) will color sensor reflection values from 0 to 99 on console

Setting Tire Diameter and Axle Track

To set values for your robot first measure TIRE_DIAMETER in millimeters. Second find your AXLE_TRACK by measuring space between the very center of the wheels in millimeters. Now enter these values in robot.py, you'll find these constants around program line 100. A Spike bot will be about TIRE_DIAMETER = 56 and AXLE_TRACK = 82, yours may be different if you use different wheels or spacing of the motors on your bot. The exact procedure for setting your robot's values is found in pybricks help menu, search on "robotics and drive bases", then look about half way down the section for the heading "Measuring and validating the robot dimensions". If you follow this procedure your robot will drive as far and turn as much as you tell it.

https://fssfll.github.io/fssfll/spike/spring_2024/robot_game/ M06 Barrel Storage Shelf M01 Cider Press The cider press bar is rotated into a scoring position (0 pst gray, 5 pts red, 10 pts yellow, 15 Collection barrels removed from the storage shelf (5 pts each) None 1 2 Barrel on Post (20 pts per post) 1 2 Barrel on Post (20 points) No Yes M07 Barrels Brought To Cider Circle M02 Stacked Barrel Storage Architectural block at least partially in the Yellow Cider Circle (5 pts each) Barrels may be touching equipment. Barrels do not need to be touching the mat. Remove stacked barrels from the dispensor (5 pts each) None 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 Barrel on Post (20 pts per post) 1 2 None M08 Barrels Brought To Stone Circle Architectural block at least partially in the Yellow Old Stone Circle (10 pts each). Barrels may M03 Barrel Chute be touching equipment. Barrels do not need to be touching the mat. Remove Barrels from the Chute (5 pts each) None 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 1 2 3 M08 Methods Used BONUS #1! To score points for this mission, the method used must be a M04 Barrel Storage Corral meaningful part of the scoring solution. For example, squaring up on a mission model or wall to line up the robot before scoring points would be meaningful but squaring up on a mission Place Barrel in Corral (10 pts each). Barrels may not be touching equipment and must be at model or wall after all scoring has been completed would not be. It is left to the discretion of least partly in the corral. None 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 the referee to determine if the spirit of this rule has been met. Students must point out to the referee when the robot uses one of the methods! M05 Truck Meaningful use of line following to sucessfully complete one or more missions. (10 pts) No Yes Truck parked inside the dirt driveways (20 pts) Yes Barrels completely in the truck (10 pts each) while parked inside the dirt driveways. Barrels M08 Methods Used BONUS #2! To score points for this mission, the method used must be a may not be touching equipment and must at least be partly in the truck. meaningful part of the scoring solution. For example, squaring up on a mission model or wall to line up the robot before scoring points would be meaningful but squaring up on a mission 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 None model or wall after all scoring has been completed would not be. It is left to the discretion of the referee to determine if the spirit of this rule has been met. Students must point out to the referee when the robot uses one of the methods! Meaningful use of squaring up on a wall or mission model to successfully complete one or more missions. (10 pts) Barrel Storage No Yes Stone Circle M03 M08 Methods Used BONUS #3! To score points for this mission, the method used must be a meaningful part of the scoring solution. For example, squaring up on a mission model or wall to line up the robot before scoring points would be meaningful but squaring up on a mission model or wall after all scoring has been completed would not be. It is left to the discretion of the referee to determine if the spirit of this rule has been met. Students must point out to the referee when the robot uses one of the methods! Meaningful use of wall following to successfully complete one or more missions. (10 pts) FIRST® Core Values M01 M02 Stacked Barre M05 M06 Barrel Storage **DISCOVERY** INNOVATION **TEAMWORK** INCLUSION **IMPACT FUN** We apply what we lear to improve our world. 2 Barrel Common Mistakes Links: Cider Circle 1. Are you connected to the correct robot? https://fssfll.github.io/fssfll/ Lessons: 2. Did you download your code? Pybricks IDE: https://code.pybricks.com/ 3. Are you running the new code? Pybricks Docs: https://docs.pybricks.com/en/stable/ ROBOT GEYER 4. Do you have any spelling errors or are there any spaces that shouldn't be there? 5. Are there any errors reported on the console?